CHAPTER 1
The Christian Empire

Multiple Choice

Directions: For each numbered item, circle the letter beside the choice (A, B, C, or D) that best answers the question or completes the statement. Circle only one choice per item. Each correct answer is worth 5 points. 25 possible points.

1. Christendom refers to:
   A. the times and places where society was based on the Christian religion and the Christian kingdoms were united under the spiritual leadership of the pope.
   B. a city where Christ lived.
   C. a dome in a basilica.
   D. an army of Christian soldiers during the reign of Constantine.

2. The relationship between the Roman Empire and Christian Europe could be compared to:
   A. the relationship between a husband and wife.
   B. the relationship between a parent and a child.
   C. the relationship between Christ and His Church.
   D. the relationship between a servant and master.

3. The Edict of Milan:
   A. freed the slaves in Rome.
   B. put limits on gladiatorial combat.
   C. made Christianity legal in the Roman Empire.
   D. made Christianity the official religion of the empire.

4. The Hippodrome of Constantinople was:
   A. Constantine's imperial senate.
   B. a gigantic arena built for chariot racing.
   C. a large bridge right outside the city.
   D. the biggest hippo museum in the world.
5. Before Constantine, many Christian churches:
   A. were made of simple bricks.
   B. were blue and white.
   C. had no windows.
   D. were inside peoples’ homes.

**True or False?**

Directions: In the blank beside each statement, write “T” if the statement is True or “F” if the statement is False. Each correct answer is worth 5 points. 25 possible points.

_____ 1. At first, Christian Europe retained the laws, culture, and organization of the Roman Empire.

_____ 2. Wherever Christianity spread, it was understood and accepted without error.

_____ 3. Arianism was a heresy that taught Jesus Christ did not suffer and die for us.

_____ 4. Constantine, the emperor in the west, defeated Licinius, the emperor of the east.

_____ 5. Julian was the last pagan emperor.

**Matching**

Directions: In each blank beside a phrase, write the letter of the term that is described by that phrase. Each item is worth 5 points. 50 possible points.

A. basilica  
B. Byzantium  
C. Arianism  
D. ecumenical council  
E. the Nicene Creed  
F. Julian the apostate  
G. apostate  
H. Constantine  
I. Saint Ambrose  
J. Theodosius

_____ 1. when bishops from the entire universal Church, in union with and in submission to the pope, gather in a meeting to discuss matters of doctrine and discipline

_____ 2. the first Christian emperor

_____ 3. a very large or important church

_____ 4. a heresy condemned at the Council of Nicaea
5. written at the Council of Nicaea
6. Christianity became the official religion of the Roman Empire during his reign.
7. a Christian who abandons Christianity
8. renamed Constantinople and made the capital of the empire
9. insisted that the emperor Theodosius repent after he unjustly slaughtered over seven thousand men
10. pagan emperor and nephew of Constantine